

## **MPPS Art & Design Curriculum Narrative**

This document shares Art & Design curriculum narrative from EYFS to Year 6, as well as a more in-depth look at how each unit builds up on prior learning and concepts. KAPOW materials are used in Key Stage 1 and 2. Whilst the EYFS Framework is structured differently to the national curriculum, we aim to show how Physical Development aspect (fine motor skills) and Expressive Arts and Designs feeds into the Art & Design national curriculum programmes of study, and how children in Reception are prepared for Year 1.

	Early Years	s Framework		
ELG: Fine Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will:  Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.		Expressive Arts and Design ELG: Creating with Materials  Children at the expected level of development will:  • Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function  • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used		
Key Stages	<ul> <li>Key Stage 1 Pupils should be taught: <ul> <li>to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products</li> <li>to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences</li> <li>and imagination</li> <li>to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture,</li> <li>line, shape, form and space</li> <li>about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Stage 2 Pupils should be taught:         <ul> <li>to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit</li> <li>ideas</li> <li>to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and</li> <li>sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]</li> <li>about great artists, architects and designers in history.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		



## **Art & Design Curriculum Long Term Plan**

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
EYFS	Drawing self -portraits • Drawing and painting pictures of their family. • Transient art – art without glue using a variety of resources both natural and man -made, using the school environment, Woodland Area. Exploring a range of media throughout the year – pens, pencils, crayons, pastels, poster paint, watercolours, wool, material. • Outdoor art using a range of mark making materials such as paint rollers and different sized brushes on a large scale. • Craft Area enables children to self -select resources that they need / want to test out including masking tape and glue to join. Children are encouraged to talk about what they like about their work and other children's designs and how they would improve it.									
	Each year group focuses pro Drawing Painting and Mi	ogressively on the following el xed Media Sculpture and								
Year 1		Make your Mark Drawing Developing observational drawing skills when exploring mark-making. Children use a range of tools, investigating how texture can be created in drawings. Colour Splash Painting and mixed media Painting and mixed media Exploring colour mixing through paint play, children use a range of tools and work on different surfaces.		Paper Play Sculpture and 3D. Creating simple three- dimensional shapes and structures using familiar materials, children develop skills in manipulating paper and card. They fold, roll and scrunch materials to make their own sculpture.	Embellishments Craft and Design Developing skills in measuring, cutting and adding decoration to create a range of decorative items such as jewellery and headpieces inspired by different cultures.					
Year 2	Beside the seaside Painting and mixed media Taking seaside paintings and impressionist painters as a starting point, pupils investigate how mixing a wider range of colours contributes to		Tell a story  Drawing  Using storybook  illustration as a stimulus,  children develop their  mark making skills to  explore a wider range of tools and experiment with		Clay Houses Sculpture and 3D Developing their ability to work with clay, children learn how to create simple thumb pots. Then they explore the work of sculptor Rachel Whiteread	Map it out Craft and design Responding to a design brief, children create a piece of art that represents their local area using a map as their stimulus. They learn three				

	different effects. They explore surface texture when selecting and combining materials to make their final piece.		creating patterned surfaces to add texture and detail to drawings	and apply her ideas in a final piece that uses techniques such as cutting, shaping, joining and impressing into clay.	techniques for working Mount Plans creatively with materials.
Year 3	Ancient Egyptian Scrolls Craft and Design Learning about the way colour, scale and pattern influenced ancient Egyptian art, children explore the technique of papermaking to create a papyrus-style scroll.	Growing Artists  Drawing  Using botanical drawings and scientific plant studies as inspiration, pupils explore the techniques of artists such as Georgia  O'Keefe and Maud Purdy to draw natural forms, becoming aware of differences in the choice of drawing medium, scale and the way tonal shading can help create form.  Abstract shape and space  Sculpture and 3D  Exploring how shapes and negative spaces can be represented by three dimensional forms.  Manipulating a range of materials, children learn ways to join and create free standing structures inspired by the work of Anthony Caro and Ruth		Prehistoric Art Painting and Mixed Media Investigating making their own paints, making tools and painting on different surfaces, the children explore prehistoric art.	
Year 4		Asawa.  Mega Materials  Sculpture and 3D  Learning about the work of inspirational sculptors, children create personal	Light and Dark Painting and Mixed Media Developing colour mixing skills, using shades and tints to show form and	Fabric of Nature Craft and Design Developing skills in textile techniques, pupils explore the beauty of the natural	

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		responses and make choices about techniques and materials such as recycled materials and clay.  Power prints  Drawing  Using everyday electrical items as a starting point, pupils develop an awareness of composition in drawing and combine media for effect when developing a drawing into a print.	create three dimensions when painting. Pupils learn about composition and plan their own still life to paint, applying chosen techniques.	world to create stunning visual art inspired by the striking colours, pattern and textures of bird and insect life.	
Year 5	Self-portraits Painting and Mixed Media Investigating self-portraits by a range of artists, children use photographs of themselves as a starting point for developing their own unique self-portraits in mixed-media.	I Need Space  Drawing  Developing ideas more independently, pupils consider the purpose of drawings as they investigate how imagery was used in the 'Space Race' that began in the 1950s. They combine collage and printmaking to create a piece in their own style.  Architecture  Craft and Design  Investigating the built environment, drawing from observation and evaluating design features of buildings.	Interactive Installation Sculpture and 3D Using inspiration of historical monuments and modern installations, children plan by researching and drawing, a sculpture to fit a design brief.		

Year 6	Artist Study	Make my Voice Heard	Making Memories
	Painting and mixed media	<b>Drawing</b>	Sculpture and 3D
	Identifying an artist that	Exploring art with a	Documenting memories of
	interests them, children	message, children look at	their time at primary
	research the life,	the famous 'Guernica' by	school, children select
	techniques and artistic	Picasso and the	their favourite art and
	intentions of that	confronting works of	design skills and
	individual.	Käthe Kollwitz. They	techniques to design and
	Photo opportunity	develop their drawings to	create a 3D artwork to
	Craft and design	incorporate new	represent these memories.
	Exploring photography as	surfaces, a range of	
	a medium for expressing	techniques and	
	ideas, pupils investigate	demonstrate an emerging	
	scale and composition,	personal style.	
	colour and techniques for		
	adapting finished images.		

## Year 7 (at Moor end Academy)

The Elements of Art - The key elements of art; line, tone, texture, colour, form,	Colour Theory Colour Wheel Shades/Tints Cubism movement with the introduction
pattern and space	of portraits and how to draw using proportions

## **Progression of Skills and Knowledge EYFS to Year 6**

EYFS								
Drawing	Painting.	Printing	Collage	Sculpture	Textiles			
Use a variety of media to	Use a wide range of	Using a variety of objects	Using a variety of	Experimenting with	Sorting, discussing and			
draw visual elements.	colours.	to print.	materials to make free	plasticine, clay and play	feeling different fabrics			
line, shape, tone and	Mixing colours, shades	Pattern and sequence.	collage.	dough.	and threads.			
space.	and tints.	Using body parts to print.	Natural/ man made	3D junk materials.	Tie-dye.			
Observational work:	Applying paint in different	Using fruit and	textiles.	Clay- rolling cutting	Using pens to add colour			
objects.	ways- brushes, sticks,	vegetables.	Tearing and cutting paper.	coiling.	Weaving paper.			
		Mono printing.			Draw string hessian.			

Draw from memory and	fingers, combs, rollers,	String blocks and	Develop visual	Making impressions on	Lacing and threading Mount Pleas and
imagination.	knives.	polystyrene.	discrimination.	materials.	activities.
Vocabulary of marks-	Add sand, glue, sawdust	Using 1 and 2 colours.	Pieces of work for a	Straw constructions	Discuss clothing for a
length, thickness, straight,	for texture.		purpose- animal faces		purpose, eg,
curved, etc.			human faces.		waterproofing
Exposure to textures and			Using junk- fabric, paper,		Making textiles and using
different techniques for			foil, etc to make free		readymade textiles to
recording patterns,			patterns or pictures.		make something else.
objects and pictures.					

	Progression of Skills: Drawing								
NC	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Generating Ideas	Explore their own ideas using a range of media.	Begin to generate ideas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.	Develop ideas more independently from their own research. Explore and record their plans, ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas towards an outcome.	Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.			
Sketchbooks	Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an openended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next.	Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.	Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an outcome.	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes including recording observations and research, testing materials and working towards an outcome more independently.	Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.			
Making skills (including Formal elements)	Use a range of drawing materials such as pencils, chalk, charcoal, pastels, felt tips and pens. Develop observational skills to look closely and reflect surface texture through mark-making. To	Further develop mark- making within a greater range of media, demonstrating increased control. Develop observational skills to look closely and reflect surface texture through	Confidently use of a range of materials, selecting and using these appropriately with more independence. Draw with expression and begin to experiment with gestural and quick sketching.	Apply observational skills, showing a greater awareness of composition and demonstrating the beginnings of an individual style. Use growing knowledge of different drawing	To use a broader range of stimulus to draw from, such as architecture, culture and photography. Begin to develop drawn ideas as part of an exploratory journey. Apply known techniques	Draw expressively in their own personal style and in response to their choice of stimulus, showing the ability to develop a drawing independently.  Apply new drawing techniques to improve			
	explore mark making	mark-making. Experiment	Developing drawing	materials, combining	with a range of media,	their mastery of materials			



	using a range of tools; being able to create a diverse and purposeful range of marks through experimentation building skills and vocabulary.	with drawing on different surfaces and begin to explore tone using a variety of pencil grade (HB, 2B, 4B) to show form, drawing light/dark lines, patterns and	through further direct observation, using tonal shading and starting to apply an understanding of shape to communicate form and proportion.	media for effect.  Demonstrate greater control over drawing tools to show awareness of proportion and perspective, continuing to develop use of tone and	selecting these independently in response to a stimulus. Draw in a more sustained way, revisiting a drawing over time and applying their understanding of	and techniques Push the boundaries of mark-making to explore new surfaces, e.g. drawing on clay, layering media and incorporating digital drawing techniques.
		shapes.		more intricate mark making.	tone, texture, line, colour and form.	
Knowledge of artists	Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between painting and sculpture, and link these to their own work.	Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to make links between pieces of art.	Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to explain how art works may have been made.	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art works may have been made.	Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.
Evaluating and Analysing	Describe and compare features of their own and other's artwork.	Explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons. Begin to talk about how they could improve their own work.	Confidently explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons. Use sketchbooks as part of the problem-solving process and make changes to improve their work.	Build a more complex vocabulary when discussing their own and others' art. Evaluate their work more regularly and independently during the planning and making process.	Discuss the processes used by themselves and by other artists, and describe the particular outcome achieved. Use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.	Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention. Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.



Progression of Skills: Painting and Mixed Media								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Explore their own ideas using a range of media.	Begin to generate ideas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.	Develop ideas more independently from their own research. Explore and record their plans, ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas towards an outcome.	Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.			
Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an openended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next.	Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.	Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an outcome.	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes including recording observations and research, testing materials and working towards an outcome more independently.	Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.			
Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.	Begin to develop some control when painting, applying knowledge of colour and how different media behave eg adding water to thin paint Mix different hues of primary and secondary colours by using different amounts of each starting colour or by adding water. Make choices about which materials to use for collage based on colour, texture, shape and	Select and use a variety of painting techniques, including applying their drawing skills, using their knowledge of colour mixing and making choices about suitable tools for a task eg choosing a fine paintbrush for making detailed marks. Mix colours with greater accuracy and begin to consider how colours can be used expressively.	Explore the way paint can be used in different ways to create a variety of effects, eg creating a range of marks and textures in paint. Develop greater skill and control when using paint to depict forms, eg beginning to use tone to create 3D effects. Work selectively, choosing and adapting collage materials to create contrast and considering overall	Apply paint with control in different ways to achieve different effects, experimenting with techniques used by other artists and applying ideas to their own artworks eg making choices about painting surfaces or mixing paint with other materials. Develop a painting from a drawing or other initial stimulus. Add collage to a painted, printed or drawn	Manipulate paint and painting techniques to suit a purpose, making choices based on their experiences. Work in a sustained way over several sessions to complete a piece. Analyse and describe how colour is used in other artists' work. Consider materials, scale and techniques when creating collage and other mixed media pieces. Create collage in response to a stimulus			
	Explore their own ideas using a range of media.  Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an openended way.  Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties,	Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.  Experime to wind deas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.  Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next.  Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.	Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.  Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of colour and how different media behave eg adding water to thin paint Mix different muse of each starting colour or by adding water. Make choices about which materials to use for collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with gaint using a not selected and the selected and taking next steps in a making process.  We sketchbooks to exploring different different media and techniques and seatchbooks, using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.  Select and use a variety of painting techniques, including applying their drawing skills, using their drawing skills, usi	Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of colour and how different media behave eg adding water. Seperimest imspandes of storeate simple collage effects. Select materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.  Experiment with peint, using davide variety of colour and backendary of each starting colour or by adding water. Make choices about which materials to use for collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with pattern. Experiment wi	Septiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint. Investigate colour mixing, Play with combinations of materials to use of each starting colour and based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.   Septiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny, soft.   Septiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage and sevaluation and techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.   Select and use a variety of traving to the route of each starting colour or by adding water. Make choices about which materials to use for collage abased on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage and colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage and colour materials to use for collage and pattern. Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of collage and pattern. Experiment with paint, using and texture in any out of their ideas and palan more purposes for a wider range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of traching and paye startly their ideas and palan more purposefully for improve understanding, develop ideas and plan more purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an untcome.    Use sketchbooks for a wider range of stimuli and carry of their ideas and plan more purposefully for improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an untcome.    Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording a thaking next steps in a making process.    Experiment with paint, using of stimuli, using research and evaluation of texchiniques to develop their ideas down and outco			



		overlaying materials to create interesting effects.	Modify chosen collage materials in a range of ways eg by cutting, tearing, re-sizing or overlapping. In sketchbooks, use collage as a means of collecting ideas.		extend original ideas. Combine digital effects with other media.	and work collaboratively on a larger scale.
Knowledge of artists	Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between painting and sculpture, and link these to their own work.	Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to make links between pieces of art.	Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to explain how art works may have been made.	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art works may have been made.	Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.
Evaluating and Analysing	Describe and compare features of their own and other's art work.	Explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons. Begin to talk about how they could improve their own work.	Confidently explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons. Use sketchbooks as part of the problem-solving process and make changes to improve their work.	Build a more complex vocabulary when discussing their own and others' art. Evaluate their work more regularly and independently during the planning and making process.	Discuss the processes used by themselves and by other artists, and describe the particular outcome achieved. Use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.	Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention. Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work



Progression of Skills: Sculpture and 3D									
NC	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Generating Ideas	Explore their own ideas using a range of media.	Begin to generate ideas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.	Develop ideas more independently from their own research. Explore and record their plans, ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas towards an outcome.	Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.			
Sketchbooks	Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an openended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next	Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.	Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an outcome.	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes including recording observations and research, testing materials and working towards an outcome more independently.	Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.			
Making skills (including Formal elements)	Use their hands to manipulate a range of modelling materials. Create 3D forms to make things from their imagination or recreate things they have seen.	Develop understanding of 3D forms to construct and model simple forms using a range of materials. Use hands and tools with confidence when cutting, shaping and joining paper, card and malleable materials. Develop basic skills for shaping and joining clay, including exploring surface texture.	Able to plan and think through the making process to create 3D forms using a range of materials. Shape materials for a purpose, positioning and joining materials in new ways (tie, bind, stick, fold). Experiment with combining found objects and recyclable material to create sculpture.	Use more complex techniques to mould and form malleable materials, such as the coil pot technique in clay and adding detailed surface decoration. Show an understanding of appropriate finish and present work to a good standard. Respond to a stimulus and begin to make choices about materials used to work in 3D.	Investigate scale when creating forms in three dimensions. Explore a greater range of materials to create 3D forms eg.wire and found materials Plan a sculpture, developing an idea in 2D into a three-dimensional piece. Persevere when constructions are challenging and work to problem solve more independently.	Uses personal plans and ideas to design and construct more complex sculptures and 3D forms. Combine materials and techniques appropriately to fit with ideas. Confidently problemsolve, edit and refine to create desired effects and end results.			
Knowledge of artists	Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between	Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to	Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works. Use their own	Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of			



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	painting and sculpture,	make links between	explain how art works	experiences of techniques	describe how the cultural	disciplines, being able to
	and link these to their	pieces of art.	may have been made.	and making processes to	and historical context	describe how the cultural
	own work.			explain how art works	may have influenced their	and historical context
				may have been made.	creative work.	may have influenced their
						creative work.
Evaluating	Describe and compare	Explain their ideas and	Confidently explain their	Build a more complex	Discuss the processes	Give reasoned
and Analysing	features of their own and	opinions about their own	ideas and opinions about	vocabulary when	used by themselves and	evaluations of their own
, 0	other's art work.	and other's art work,	their own and other's art	discussing their own and	by other artists, and	and others work which
		giving reasons. Begin to	work, giving reasons. Use	others' art. Evaluate their	describe the particular	takes account of context
		talk about how they could	sketchbooks as part of	work more regularly and	outcome achieved. Use	and intention.
		improve their own work.	the problem-solving	independently during the	their knowledge of tools,	Independently use their
			process and make	planning and making	materials and processes	knowledge of tools,
			changes to improve their	process.	to try alternative	materials and processes
			work.		solutions and make	to try alternative
					improvements to their	solutions and make
					work.	improvements to their
						work.



	Progression of Skills: Craft and Design								
NC	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Generating Ideas	Explore their own ideas using a range of media.	Begin to generate ideas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process.	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.	Develop ideas more independently from their own research. Explore and record their plans, ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas towards an outcome.	Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.			
Sketchbooks	Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an open-ended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next.	Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.	Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an outcome.	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes including recording observations and research, testing materials and working towards an outcome more independently.	Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.			
Making skills (including Formal elements)	Able to select colours, shapes and materials to suit ideas and purposes. Design and make something that is imagined or invented. Begin to develop skills such as measuring materials, cutting, and adding decoration.	Respond to a simple design brief with a range of ideas. Apply skills in cutting, arranging and joining a range of materials to include card, felt and cellophane. Experiment with techniques when trying out design ideas. Follow a plan for a making process, modifying and correcting things and knowing when to seek advice.	Learn a new making technique (paper making) and apply it as part of their own project. Investigate the history of a craft technique and share that knowledge in a personal way. Design and make creative work for different purposes, evaluating the success of the techniques used.	Learn new making techniques, comparing these and making decisions about which method to use to achieve a particular outcome.  Design and make art for different purposes and begin to consider how this works in creative industries.	Design and make art for different purposes and begin to consider how this works in creative industries eg in architecture, magazines, logos, digital media and interior design. Extend ideas for designs through sketchbook use and research, justifying choices made during the design process.	Develop personal, imaginative responses to a design brief, using sketchbooks and independent research. Justify choices made during a design process, explaining how the work of creative practitioners have influenced their final outcome.			
Knowledge of artists	Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between painting and sculpture,	Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to make links between pieces of art.	Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to explain how art works may have been made.	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to	Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural			



	and link these to their			explain how art works	may have influenced their	and historical context
	own work.			may have been made.	creative work.	may have influenced their
						creative work
<b>Evaluating and</b>	Describe and compare	Explain their ideas and	Confidently explain their	Build a more complex	Discuss the processes	Give reasoned
Analysing	features of their own and	opinions about their own	ideas and opinions about	vocabulary when	used by themselves and	evaluations of their own
	other's art work.	and other's art work,	their own and other's art	discussing their own and	by other artists, and	and others work which
		giving reasons. Begin to	work, giving reasons. Use	others' art. Evaluate their	describe the particular	takes account of context
		talk about how they could	sketchbooks as part of	work more regularly and	outcome achieved. Use	and intention.
		improve their own work.	the problem-solving	independently during the	their knowledge of tools,	Independently use their
			process and make	planning and making	materials and processes	knowledge of tools,
			changes to improve their	process.	to try alternative	materials and processes
			work.		solutions and make	to try alternative
					improvements to their	solutions and make
					work.	improvements to their
						work.



	Progression of Skills: Formal Elements									
NC	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Pattern	Know that a pattern is a design in which shapes, colours or lines are repeated.	Know that surface rubbings can be used to add make patterns Know that drawing techniques such as hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending can make patterns. Know that patterns can be used to add detail to an artwork.	To know that pattern can be man-made (like a printed wallpaper) or natural (like a giraffe's skin). To know that the starting point for a repeating pattern is called a motif, and a motif can be arranged in different ways to make varied patterns.	To know that symmetry can be used to create repeating patterns. To know that patterns can be irregular, and change in ways you wouldn't expect.	To know that artists create pattern to add expressive detail to art works, for example Chila Kumari Singh Burman using small everyday objects to add detail to sculptures.	To know that pattern can be created in many different ways, eg in the rhythm of brushstrokes in a painting (like the work of van Gogh) or in repeated shapes within a composition.				
Texture	Know that texture means 'what something feels like' Know that different marks can be used to represent the textures of objects Know that different drawing tools make different marks.	Know that collage materials can be chosen to represent real-life textures. Know that collage materials can be overlapped and overlaid to add texture. Know that drawing techniques such as hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending can create surface texture.	To know that texture in an artwork can be real (what the surface actually feels like) or a surface can be made to appear textured, as in a drawing using shading to recreate a fluffy object.	To know how to use texture more purposely to achieve a specific effect or to replicate a natural surface.	To know how to create texture on different materials.	To know that applying thick layers of paint to a surface is called impasto, and is used by artists such as Claude Monet to describe texture.				
Tone	Know that 'tone' in art means 'light and dark' Know that we can add tone to a drawing by shading and filling a shape	Know that shading helps make drawn objects look more three dimensional. Know that different pencil grades make different tones.	To know some basic rules for shading when drawing, eg shade in one direction, blending tones smoothly and with no gaps. To know that shading is used to create different tones in an artwork and can include hatching, cross-hatching, scribbling and stippling.	To know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can create a 3D effect. To know that tone can be used to create contrast in an artwork.	To know that tone can help show the foreground and background in an artwork.	To know that chiaroscuro means 'light and dark' and is a term used to describe high-contrast images.				
Colour	Know that the primary colours are red, yellow	Know that different amounts of paint and	Know that complementary colours	To know that adding black to a colour creates a	To know that artists use colour to create an	To know that a 'monochromatic' artwork				



	and blue. Know that primary colours can be mixed to make secondary colours: ● Red + yellow = orange ● Yellow + blue = green ● Blue + red = purple	water can be used to mix hues of secondary colours. Know that colours can be mixed to 'match' real life objects or to create things from your imagination Know that colour can be used to show how it feels to be in	appear opposite each other on the colour wheel, and when placed next to each other, a strong contrast or 'clash' is created. Know that paint colours can be mixed using natural substances, and that	shade. To know that adding white to a colour creates a tint	atmosphere or to represent feelings in an artwork, for example by using warm or cool colours.	uses tints and shades of just one colour. To know that colours can be symbolic and have meanings that vary according to your culture or background, eg red for danger or for celebration.
Form	Know that we can change paper from 2D to 3D by folding, rolling and	a particular place, eg the seaside.  Know that 'composition' means how things are arranged on the page.	prehistoric peoples used these paints.  To know that three dimensional forms are either organic (natural) or	To know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can	To know that an art installation is often a room or environment in	To know that the surface textures created by different materials can
	scrunching it. To know that three-dimensional art is called sculpture.	Know that pieces of clay can be joined using the 'scratch and slip' technique. Know that a clay surface can be decorated by pressing into it or by joining pieces on.	geometric (mathematical shapes, like a cube). To know that organic forms can be abstract.	create a 3D effect. Know that simple structures can be made stronger by adding layers, folding and rolling.	which the viewer 'experiences' the art all around them. To know that the size and scale of three-dimensional art work changes the effect of the piece.	help suggest form in two- dimensional art work.
Shape	Know that paper can be shaped by cutting and folding it.	Know that collage materials can be shaped to represent shapes in an image. Know that shapes can be organic (natural) and irregular. Know that shapes can geometric if they have mostly straight lines and angles. Know that patterns can be made using shapes.	To know that negative shapes show the space around and between objects.	To know how to use basic shapes to form more complex shapes and patterns.	To know that a silhouette is a shape filled with a solid flat colour that represents an object.	To know how an understanding of shape and space can support creating effective composition.
Line	Know that drawing tools can be used in a variety of ways to create different lines. Know that lines can	Know that lines can be used to fill shapes, to make outlines and to add detail or pattern.	To know that different drawing tools can create different types of lines.	To know that lines can be lighter or darker, or thicker or thinner and that this can add	To know that lines can be used by artists to control what the viewer looks at within a composition, eg by using diagonal lines to	To know how line is used beyond drawing and can be applied to other art forms.



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	represent movement in		expression or movement	draw your eye into the	
	drawings.		to a drawing.	centre of a drawing	