

# **Design & Technology**

## Design & Technology EYFS - National Curriculum

	Ea	arly Years Framework
ELG: Fine Mot	or Skills e expected level of development will: The of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and	<b>Expressive Arts and Design ELG: Creating with Materials</b> Children at the expected level of development will:
	ce of small tools, including seissors, paint brushes and	colour design texture form and function
- Begin to s	now accuracy and care when drawing.	- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
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		National Curriculum
Key Stages	Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2
	Through a variety of creative and practical activities,	Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge,
	pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding	understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making.
	and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of	They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure,
	designing and making. They should work in a range of	culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils
	relevant contexts for example, the local community inductor	
	and the wider environment] When designing and making	
	pupils should be taught to	
Design	<ul> <li>design purposeful, functional, appealing products for</li> </ul>	use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional,
	themselves and other users based on design criteria	appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
	senerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas	A generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated
	through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where	sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-
	appropriate, information and communication technology	aided design
Make	select from and use a range of tools and equipment to	select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for
	perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping,	example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
	joining and finishing]	select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction
	• select from and use a wide range of materials and	materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic
	ingredients, including construction materials, textiles and	
Evaluate	A explore and evaluate a range of existing products	Investigate and analyse a range of existing products
LValuate	• explore and evaluate a range of existing products	• Investigate and analyse a range of existing products
		of others to improve their work
Design Make Evaluate	<ul> <li>gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils should be taught to</li> <li>design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria</li> <li>generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology</li> <li>select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]</li> <li>select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics</li> <li>explore and evaluate a range of existing products</li> <li>evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups</li> <li>generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design</li> <li>select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately</li> <li>select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities</li> <li>investigate and analyse a range of existing products</li> <li>evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work</li> </ul>

		understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world	
Technical	build structures, exploring how they can be made	apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex	
knowledge	stronger, stiffer and more stable	structures	
	explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers,	understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys,	
	sliders, wheels and axles], in their products	cams, levers and linkages]	
		understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits	
		incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]	
		apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products	
Cooking and	As part of their work with food, pupils should be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in		
nutrition	pupils will also open a door to one of the great expressions	of human creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed	
	themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later	r life	
	Key stage 1	understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet	
	use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to	Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking	
	prepare dishes	techniques	
	understand where food comes from	understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown,	
		reared, caught and processed	

## MPPS Design & Technology Long Term Plan

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
				Block A - Mechanisms	Block C- Food and Nutrition	Block E- Textiles
Year 1				Can you make a picture move?	How does food affect your senses?	How can two squares of fabric keep you warm?

				Block B- Structures	Block D-	Block F -
					Understanding Materials	Food and Nutrition
				How can you stop a tower		
				from toppling over?	Can you build with bread?	Why are vegetables the best?
	Block A-	Block C-	Block E-			
	Textiles	Mechanisms	Food and Nutrition			
	How can you repurpose an	Are bigger wheels always	How healthy is your food?			
	item of clothing?	better?				
Year 2						
	Block B-	Block D-	Block F			
	Food and Nutrition	Understanding materials	Structures			
	What does healthy mean?					
		How can you waterproof a	How strong is a piece of			
		hat?	paper?			
				Black A	Block C	Black E Systems
				Textiles	Mechanisms	How are things nowered?
				How can you make a box out	How can you do a lot of work	now are things powered:
				of cloth?	with little effort?	
Year 3					with little choit.	
				Block B-	Block D-	Block F-
				Food and Nutrition	Food and Nutrition	Structures
				What do we mean by a	How does food affect your	What makes a bridge strong?
				balanced diet?	body and mind?	
	Plack A	Plack C	Plack F			
	Food and Nutrition	DIUCK C- Tavtilas	Floctrical Systems			
	What's really in your food?	How do you keen a tea towel	How useful are switches?			
	what's really in your lood:	from slipping off the book?	now ascrar are switches:			
Year 4						

	Block B- Mechanisms How many ways are there to open a door?	Block D Structures Which shape v structure stabi	vill give a lity?	Block F Food and Nutrition Is cheap food always worse for you?			
Year 5					Block A- Food and Nutrition Why are our diets so different?	Block C- Textiles Which fabric is ideal for creating a functional and hard-wearing lunch bag?	Block E- Structures How are frames strengthened, reinforced and made rigid?
					Block B- Systems How can we keep ourselves safe on the road?	Block D- Food and Nutrition What can we learn from different cultures diets?	Block F-Mechanism How can we lift a car onto the roof?
Year 6	Block A-	Block D-		Block F-			
	Food and Nutrition	Structures		Textiles			
	Can street food save us?	How strong is spaghetti?	a piece of	Can we reduce, recycle and repurpose?			
	Block B- Mechanisms		Block E- Electrical Syster	ms			
	Can pulleys and gears let you se	e the world?	Can switches pe	erform more than one function?			

## DT Core Content and Expectations: Block A and Block B

	Block A	Block B
Year 1	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Mechanisms	Structures
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Sliders and levers How can you make a picture move?	Freestanding structures
	How can you make a picture move? Know common uses of sliders Know different methods to create card sliders Know how sliders can create simple mechanisms Be able to design and make a slider product Be able to evaluate the success of their outcomes and	How can you stop a tower from toppling over? Know a freestanding structure is a structure that stands on its own foundation or base without attachment to anything else Be able to build structures that are freestanding using a range of different materials
	recommend improvements	
Year 2	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Textiles	Food and Nutrition
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Exploring shape using a template	Nutrients and the body
	How can you repurpose an item of	What does healthy mean?
	clothing?	Know why vegetables are so important to our health
	Know how to cut out shapes which have been created by	Know what processed foods are
	using a template	Be able to prepare a range of salad vegetables
	Know how to use a range of basic sewing skills	Be able to shape and season a bread snack
	Be able to use a template to transfer a pattern	
	Be able to cut out and join fabric shapes using a template	
Year 3	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Textiles	Food and Nutrition
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Stiffening and strengthening fabric	Individual diets
		What do we mean by a balanced diet?
	How can you make a box out of cloth?	Know what is meant by the term balanced
	Know fabric can be stiffened	Know why fresh foods are better
	Know stiffened fabric can hold a form	Be able to make a fruit and yoghurt dessert
	Be able to select and apply solutions to stiffen fabric	Be able to make homemade chips

	Be able to make a box using stiffened fabric	Be able to flavour foods to increase their sensory qualities
Year 4	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Mechanisms
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Ultra-processed food	Hinges
		How many ways are there to open a door?
	What's really in your food?	Know types of hinges and the related terminology
	Know processed foods have many added ingredients	Know common uses for hinges
	Be able to make, roll and shape bread dough	Be able to make a variety of model hinges
	Be able to make a soup	Be able to make and evaluate hinged products using modelling material
Year 5	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Systems
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Food choices	Using technology to design and control
	Why are our diets so different?	How can we keep ourselves safe on the road?
	Know some foods and key ingredients from other	Know technology can be used to program and control a product
	cultures	Be able to combine elements of their design knowledge to fulfil a bri
	Know how other cultures' food can be nutritious	
	Be able to make, roll and cook a flatbread	
	Be able to prepare a range of vegetables	
	Be able to present foods to a high standard	
Year 6	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Mechanisms
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Multicultural influences on food	Pulleys and gears – rotary and linear
		Novement
	Can street foods save us?	How do pulleys and gears let you see the world?
	Know what street foods are Know how snacks can be good foods to eat Be	Know types of pulley systems and gears
	able to make a burrito Be able to make and roll bread dough Be able to	Know common uses of pulleys and gears
	make a sayoury pastry	direction of movement
		Be able to design and make a model Ferris wheel nowered by gears
		Be able to evaluate the success of their outcomes and recommend
		improvements

#### DT Core Content and Expectations: Block C and Block D

	Block C	Block D
Year 1	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Understanding Materials
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Exploring food senses	Selecting materials
	How does food affect your senses?	Can you build with bread?
	Know why colourful food can be healthier	Know building materials have different properties which enable
	Know how different foods can affect senses	them to be used for different purposes
	Be able to peel, chop and grate a selection of vegetables	Be able to identify, sort and select materials that can be used in
	Be able to modify food to suit food senses	construction
		Be able to combine materials
Year 2	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Mechanisms	Understanding Materials
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Axles and wheels	Manipulating materials
	Are bigger wheels always better?	How can you waterproof a hat?
	Know how wheels and axles work together	Know materials can be modified to become waterproof
	Know the size and position of wheels affects how they move	Know origami comes from the Japanese words: ori – folding
	Be able to create a simple wheel mechanism	and kami – paper
	Be able to use wheel mechanisms to propel a simple vehicle	Be able to make paper waterproof
		Be able to transform flat paper by folding and creasing to form
		a hat
Year 3	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Mechanisms	Food and Nutrition
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Levers and linkages – mechanical advantage	Food as medicine
		Here does food offect your body and wind?
	How can you do a lot of work with little effort?	How does lood affect your body and mind?
	know types of levers and linkages	Know tood can help body and mind
	Know key terminology relating to levers and linkages	Know now to prepare and cook a range of vegetables
	know now levers and linkages can change the direction of	Be able to peel and grate a range of vegetables
	movement	Be able to add flavour and texture to foods

	Be able to design and make simplistic lever and linkage	
	products	
	Be able to evaluate the success of outcomes and recommend	
	improvements	
Year 4	How do you keep a tea towel from slipping off a hook?	Core discipline:
	Know fastenings have different functions	Structures
	Know a shank provides a small amount of space between the	Key concept:
	button and fabric	Designing structures using a frame to make them stronger and sturdier
	Be able to select appropriate fastenings and attach them to	
	fabric	Which shapes will give a structure stability?
	Be able to make a shank for a button	Know triangles provide stability in a structure
		Know structural engineers work with architects to ensure
		structures withstand forces
		Be able to make triangles to form and join trusses
		Be able to identify the forces that affect structures
Year 5	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Textiles	Food and Nutrition
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Durability of fabric	Cultural influences on diet
	Which fabric is ideal for creating a functional and	What can you learn from different cultures' diets?
	hardwearing lunch bag?	Know how foods can be used as medicines
	Know how to waterproof cotton fabric	Know how eating food from different countries can help us be
	Know which fabrics are both functional and hardwearing	healthy
	Be able to use beeswax to waterproof cotton fabric	Be able to roll and shape ingredients
	Be able to repurpose a pair of jeans	Be able to slice and ribbon a range of vegetables
		Be able to stir-fry vegetables
Year 6	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Structures
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Food and mood	Designing structures revisited –combining skills and knowledge
	Does food affect the way you feel?	How strong is a piece of snagbetti?
	Know the difference between slow release and quick release	Know structures can be supported with guy lines and flying
	carbohydrates	huttrossos
		שמנויבאבא

Know how food can improve mood and energy levels	Know the shorter the piece of spaghetti, the stronger it will be
Be able to dice, slice, peel, grate and cook a range of	Be able to construct a flying buttress to support a tower
vegetables	Be able to use appropriate lengths of spaghetti to increase
Be able to make a sauce and a stock	strength and stability
Be able to use height and colour to improve the visual appeal	
of food	

#### DT Core Content and Expectations: Block E and Block F

	Block E	Block F
Year 1	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Textiles	Food and Nutrition
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Joining techniques	Vitamins in food
	How can two squares of fabric keep you warm?	Why are vegetables the best?
	Know fabric can be joined together using a running stitch	Know the importance of including a range of vegetables in a diet
	Know the types and names of tools needed for sewing	Be able to peel, grate, season and breadcrumb a range of
	Be able to create a running stitch	vegetables
	Be able to select tools for sewing	
	Be able to thread a needle	
Year 2	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Food and Nutrition	Structures
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Processed food	Developing strength in structures
	How healthy is your food?	How strong is a piece of paper?
	Know the difference between fresh food and ultra-processed	Know paper becomes stronger when it is folded
	foods	Know a load is the amount of weight a structure must carry
	Be able to shape and form ingredients to make delicious food	Be able to fold paper to increase strength and stability
	Be able to use a range of culinary techniques	Be able to test and record how much weight paper can hold
Year 3	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Systems	Structures
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	How things are powered	Spanning gaps

	How are things powered? Know different types of energy Know why designers need to carefully consider energy sources Be able to identify how things are powered Be able to suggest appropriate energy sources for design problems	What makes a bridge strong? Know bridges are structures that allow people and vehicles to cross over an open space Know towers, piers and arches provide strength to a bridge Be able to design and build a beam bridge that can hold the weight of 100 pennies Be able to identify and name parts of a bridge
Year 4	Core discipline: Electrical Systems Key concept: Switches and circuits revisited How useful are switches? Know a switch is an interruption in a circuit Know switches are widely used in a range of products Be able to incorporate different types of switches into circuits to perform a function	Core discipline: Food and Nutrition Key concept: Benefits of fresh food Is cheap food always worse for you? Know that cheap processed food often contains additives, salt and sugar, which makes it less healthy than unprocessed food Be able to peel, grate and chop vegetables to make economical, tasty and healthy food
Year 5	Core discipline: Structures Key concept: Developing structures that are fit for purpose How are frames strengthened, reinforced and made rigid? Know engineers use a range of methods to strengthen and reinforce structures Be able to identify and describe ways that frames are strengthened and reinforced	Core discipline: Mechanisms Key concept: Pulleys and gears - transferring rotational force How can you lift a car onto a roof? Know types of gears and terminology relating to gears Know types of gears and terminology relating to gears Know common uses of pulleys and gears Know how pulleys and gears can change the direction of movement Be able to design and make products that use pulleys and gears to lift loads Be able to evaluate the success of outcomes and recommend improvement

Year 6	Core discipline:	Core discipline:
	Electrical Systems	Textiles
	Key concept:	Key concept:
	Complex switches and circuits	Sustainable materials
	Can switches perform more than one function?	How can you reduce, recycle, repurpose?
	Know more than one switch can be used to change the functionality of	Know plastic waste can be recycled and repurposed into
	a product	practical, useful items
	Be able to use switches to adapt a product in response to a design	Be able to make a crochet hook out of a chopstick
	brief	Be able to use plastic bags and snack packets to create practical
		items